## 迁西职教中心 学年第一学期期末考试

## 《英语》试卷(B)卷

(适用班级:

## 班级

题号 一 二	=	四	
得分			
阅卷人			

 语音题。	找出发音不同的一项。	(5分)
		) ( ) / 1 /

- A. cold C. common D. cinema 1. <u>c</u>ity B. <u>c</u>olor 2. carried A. touched C. stayed B. washed D. cooked
- 3. weather A. cloth C. health B. worthy D. breath
- 4. bl<u>oo</u>d A. flood C. choose D. food B. moon
- 5. whose A. while C. whole B. white D. why
- 二.单项选择.(25分)

1. They worked for a long time and stopped a rest.

- D. had A. have B. to have C. having
- interesting work you have!
- A. How B. What C. What a D. What an
- 3. I don't know \_\_\_\_ he can speak English or not.
- A. that B. whether C. what D. /
- 4. trees have been planted these years.
- A. Thousand B. Thousands C. Thousand of D. Thousands of
- 5. Why not in the river.
- A. to go swimming B. go swimming C. go swimming D. we go swimming
- 6. China and India are both \_ countries.
- A. developing B. developed C. develop D. to develop
- 7. Mary has Tom for ten years.
- A. married B. married with C. been married D. been married to
- 8. She took the girl by hand.
- A. the B. a C. one's D. an
- 9. Our monitor says that this is very ; that is, it is of great .
- A. important; importance B. importantly; importance C. importance; importantly

D. important; importantly
10. The new airport is about drive from the old one.
A. thirty minute B. thirty minutes C. thirty minute's D. thirty minutes'
11. My father has gone to his door for about his heart trouble.
A. advice B. an advice C. advices D. the advices
12. Shortly after the accident, two police were sent to the spot to keep order.
A. dozens of B. dozens C. dozen D. dozen of
13. My brother has two pens, one is new, is old.
A. another B. others C. the other D. other
14. Bob is the oldest boy and is taller than boy in his class.
A. the other B. each other C. any D any other
15"What else do you want?"
<u>-</u> .
A. Nothing else B. Nothing others C. Else nothing D. Other nothing
16. This meeting is than that one .
A. much important B. much more important C. importanter D. much more importanter
17 you study, the more progress you will make.
A. The more hard B. The harder C. If harder D. The more harder
18. You'd better read the text as as you can.
A. careful B. more careful C. carefully D. more carefully
19. Tom didn't go and Jim didn't go
A. either B. also C. yet D. too
20. He lived in a small village, but he didn't feel
A. alone; alone B. lonely; lonely C. alone; lonely D. lonely; alone
21. History is an subject. We are all in it.
A. interested; interested B. interesting; interested C. interesting; interesting D. interested;
interesting
22. It's raining when they left.
A. heavy B. thick C. thickly D. heavily
23. Hearing the story, the children were
A. frightening; frightened B. frightened; frightening C. frightening; frightening D. frightened;
frightened
24. He decided to visit the family Friday night.
A. at B. in C. over D. on
25. If you have questions, you can write Tom and ask advice.
A. for; to B. to; for C. /; to D. to;/
三.完形填空.(10分)
Food is most important for life, without it man would die of hunger. 1 the need for food,

姓名

man also has need for housed to protect him 2 heat and cold, wind and rain.

The first man's homes were very simple. The size and kind of houses at that time were limited \_\_3\_ his building skill and also by the things for him to use. In some places, man's home would be\_\_4\_ more than a large hole in the said of a hill, with a fire at the gate to give him light, to cook food and to keep dangerous animals away.

But now in \_\_5\_\_century, house building work has become an important industry. Modern science makes it possible for man to build so many large\_\_\_6\_\_ for government offices, shops, schools, hotels, hospitals, churches......

As the population of the world grows, 7 houses of many kinds are needed.

The house with three 8 for average family would not be 9 for a very rich family. The average families also want to live comfortably. So people are trying their best to improve their houses, 10 it is expensive. Different kinds of modern houses are being designed and some of them have been built up for rich families to live in, and also some for average families.

- 1. A. Besides B. Except C. Beside D. But
- 2. A. of B. from C. to D. away
- 3. A. by B. to C. in D. of
- 4. A. anything B. everything C. something D. nothing
- 5. A. the twenty B. the twentieth C. twentieth D. twenty
- 6. A. buildings B. house C. rooms D. gardens
- 7. A. many and many B. much and much C. more and more D. most and most
- 8. A. bedrooms B. bathrooms C. sitting rooms D. classrooms
- 9. A. big enough B. enough big C. too big D. much big
- 10. A. through B. thought C. though D. but

My husband and my three-year-old son went fishing last Sunday. They came back home with six goldfish.

My husband put the fish in a big red plastic tub(桶)full of water because he wanted the fish to live。 However, my little son hoped that they would die immediately and then he could bring them to our neighbour's lovable spotted cat.

They both took great care of the goldfish. My husband changed water once every day and watched them whenever he was free. My son was also busy examining them and asked, "mum, why are they still living?"

The hours passed very slowly for several days. To my son's delight, one fish finally seemed to be dying. My son immediately wanted to give it to the spotted cat.

Flow disappointed my son. Because, suddenly, a strange thing happened. The fish seemed to come back to life and began to swim around very quickly.

After two days, the fish finally died. My son and I took it to the spotted cat at once. My son threw it on the ground to attract the cat, but the cat neither caught it nor smelled it. The owner of the

cat said, "Our cat never eats uncooked food."

- 1. According to the story, which of the following is true?
- A.The writer's son wanted the fish to die slowly.
- B. The writer also watched the fish whenever she was free.
- C. The writer's son had the same idea as his father did.
- D. The writer doesn't like fish.
- 2. That one fish finally seemed to be dying made the little boy .
- A. sad B. happy C. surprised D. anxious
- 3. The writer's son was disappointed because
- A.the fish would die B. the fish seemed to come back to life
- C. the fish finally died D. the cat finally ate the fish
- 4. The story that the writer agreed to give the fish to the spotted cat.
- A. gives us no idea B. doesn't give us the idea
- C. tells us the idea D. doesn't tell us the fact
- 5. After reading the story we may realize that the spotted cat eats .
- A. cooked fish B. living fish C. fresh fish D. both B and C

В

In a big city, everyone is in a hurry in the early morning. In the morning, people are hurrying out of the stations, buses and cars. Some people are stopping only to drink a quick cup of coffee. There is no time for breakfast. By eight thirty, one after another the shops along the streets open for business. People work busily all day.

At six o'clock in the evening, people hurry home after work. Most of the offices are closed, but some shops are still open.

Many people work at night in a big city. Tonight, bright lights are shining from the windows of the tallest buildings. In newspaper offices, reporters are working hard. In hospitals night nurses are making their usual rounds.

All through the evening, taxis and buses take people around the city. Some people are going to the plays. Some are going to the cinema. You can hear the sounds of talking, laughing and singing. You can hear music, too. Tonight, there are many people on the sidewalks. Some are stopping to look in the bright shop windows. The others are waiting for buses and taxis.

Day and night you can find people working and playing in a big city. A big city never sleeps.

- 1. In the morning, many people in a big city go to work
- A. by car B. by bus C. by train D. all of the above
- 2. Some people in a big city can't have breakfast because they
- A. only want a drink B. are too busy C. don't like breakfast
- D. have to drive cars
- 3. A reporter is a person who works
- A. for a hospital B. for a newspaper C. for offices D. for a station

4. Which of the following is right?				
A. Most of the people work at night B. No one works at night.				
C. Some of the people work at night. D. A few people work in the day time.				
5. The best title for the passage is				
A. A busy day B. A busy night C. Busy hours D. Busy life in a big city				
五.用所给词的正确形式填空.(20分)				
1. It's very(danger) to walk on a railway line.				
2. I have a great(difficult) in learning English grammar.				
3. The(develop) of China's economy has been much faster in the past 20years.				
4. Mr John is regarded as an(advance) teacher.				
5. Life is difficult. This is one of the greatest(true).				
6.Thank you for (send) me a nice watch.				
7. They stood on the top of Mount Tai, (wait) for the sun rising				
8. The more often you speak, the (easy) it will become for you to express yourself in Enlish.				
9.Life is difficult. This is one of the greatest (true)				
10.I have a great (difficult) in learning English grammar.				
六.改错。(10 分)				
1. The man together with his sons always catch the largest fish.				
A B C D				
2. <u>Either</u> of te <u>books</u> <u>are mine.</u>				
A B C D				
3. <u>How</u> foolish <u>for</u> you to make <u>such</u> <u>a</u> mistake.				
A B C D				
4. I've <u>read</u> the book <u>twice</u> <u>which</u> you are talking <u>about it</u> .				
A B C D				
5. What a fine weather! Let's go swimming.				
A B C D				
七. 写作. (10分)				
题目:Talking about Exploring Internet (上网)				
要求:1、80~100 个词				
2、要点:(1)上网的好处,如因特网可以使我们很快了解世界上所发生的事情,使我们的生活				
更方便(convenient): 购物、看病、学习、发电子邮件等均可在网上进行。				
(2) 上网的坏处,如网上不健康的内容和游戏等对学生很坏的影响。				
(3) 总这,我们应该利用好网络,只有这样网络才给我们以帮助。				